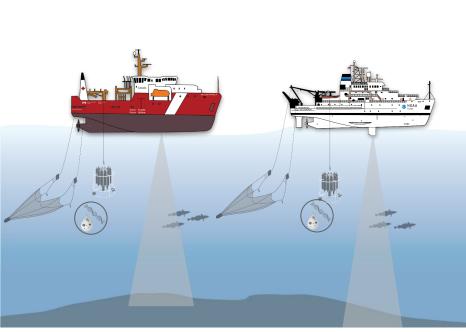


NOAA

Western Groundfish Conference April 26, 2023

Alicia Billings, Elizabeth Phillips, and Julia Clemons
NOAA Northwest Fisheries Science Center
Fisheries Engineering & Acoustic Technologies Team

The US-Canada Integrated Ecosystem and Pacific Hake Acoustic Trawl Survey



Joint effort between NWFSC and Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) to produce biomass estimate for stock assessment

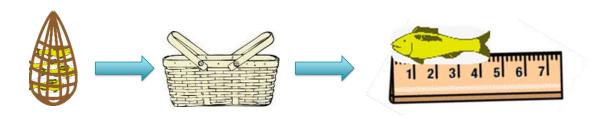
> → Collect diet information from fish caught in trawls



Collecting samples at sea

Randomly select 10 'good' stomachs

- 5 for at-sea examination
- 5 for laboratory examination
- No regurgitation or barotrauma present







Why look at Pacific Hake diet?

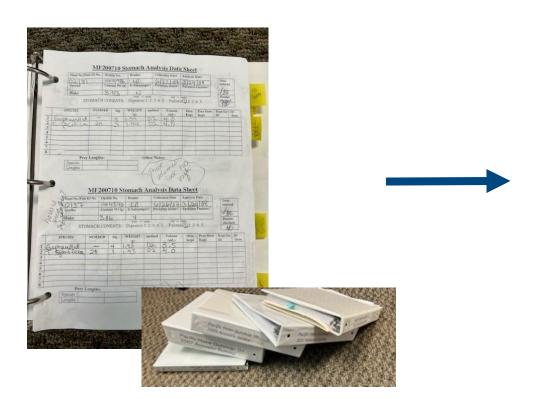
Variation in diet provides insight on potential growth and recruitment, and ecological relationships which can inform Ecosystem-Based Fisheries Management (EBFM)





Decades-old data are messy...







Work

- Digitize data sheets
- Standardize prey names
- Build database



Decades-old data are messy...



cruise_num	operation_num	predator_sp	pred_sci_name	pred_com_n	pred_len	pred_wt	pred_sex	pred_mat	pred_age	prey_sp	prey_sci_name	collection_type	cont_wt
200509	10	22500	Merluccius productus	Pacific hake	36	0.3	Female	Immature	2	405814	Euphausiidae	formalin sample	0.18
200509	10	22500	Merluccius productus	Pacific hake	33	0.22	Female	Immature	2	405814	Euphausiidae	formalin sample	0.47
200509	10	22500	Merluccius productus	Pacific hake	44	0.52	Male	Inactive	6	405814	Euphausiidae	formalin sample	1.5

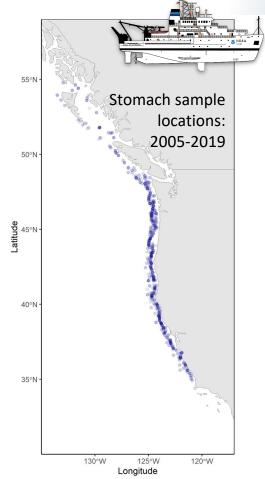
cruise_numl	ship_code	cruise_	investigator	operation_num	linpfc_area	country	td_latitude	td_longitude	hb_latitude	hb_longitude	avg_bottom_depth	avg_gear_depth
200509	21	NWFSC	C - FEAT	2	Monterey	US	36.3962	-121.9706	36.4177	-121.987	117	81
200509	21	NWFSC	C - FEAT	3	Monterey	US	36.7386	-121.9859	36.7387	-121.998	654	186
200509	21	NWFSC	C - FEAT	4	Monterey	US	37.0714	-122.6627	37.0733	-122.6642	204	155

ResultInternal database with easy to access views



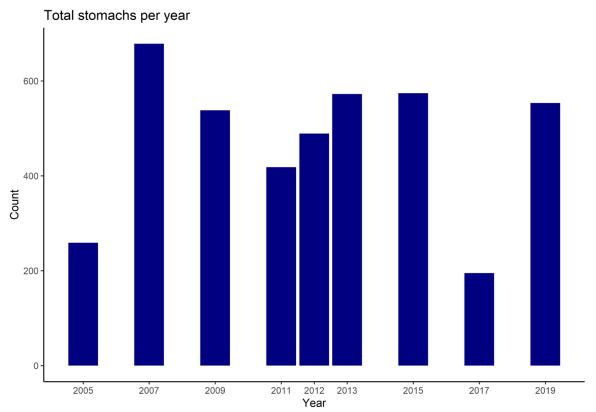
Data summary (as of April 2023)

Total stomachs (#)	4,276				
Hake size range (cm)	15 - 80				
Hake ages (yr)	1 - 19				
Latitude range (°N)	33.5 - 54.7				
Fishing depth (m)	23 - 488				
Bottom depth (m)	54 - 2,676				



Overall sample summary



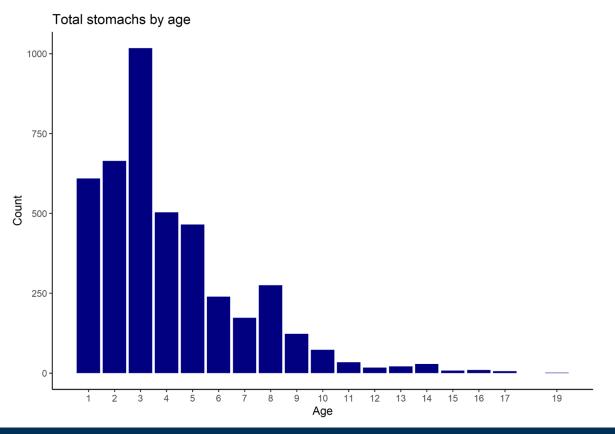


Average of ~425/year



Overall sample summary

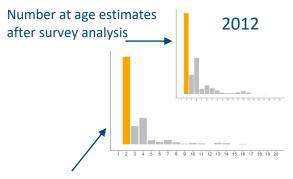


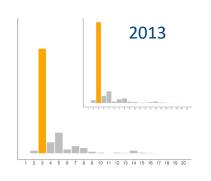


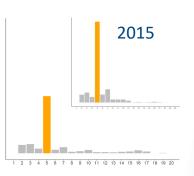


Samples match dominant age classes of population

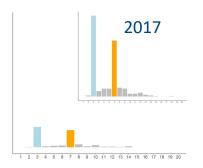


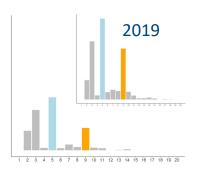






Stomachs collected by age

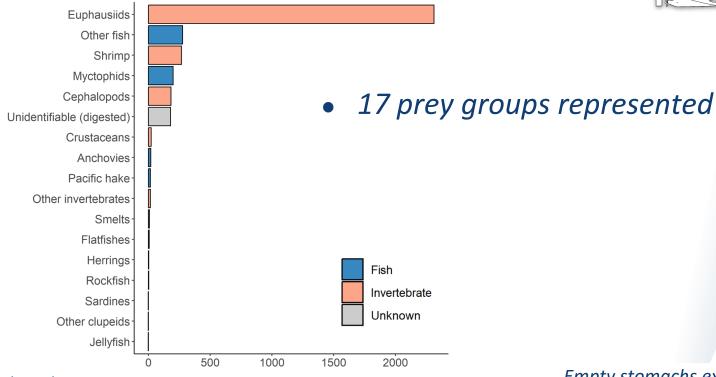






Summary of prey items observed





Count

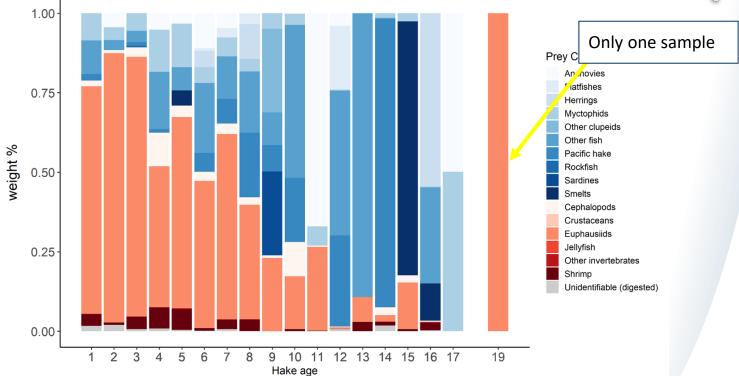
Taxonomic groups based on Bizzarro et al. (2017) Enviro. Biol. of Fishes 100: 375-393 Empty stomachs excluded



Age-specific diet patterns





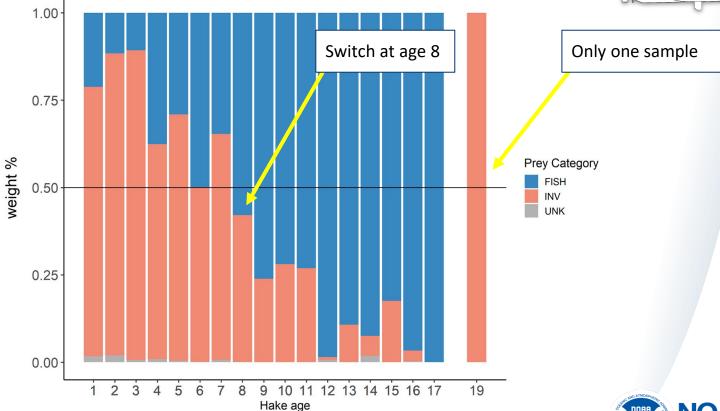




Age-specific diet patterns

The state of the s

Prey switching



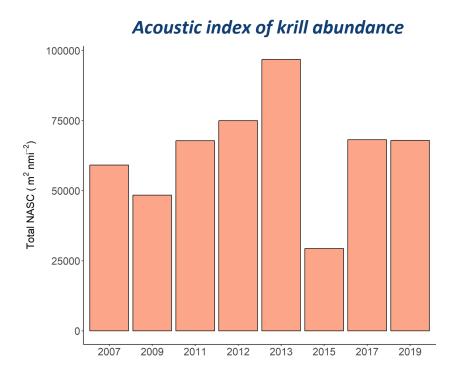
Why do hake diets vary over time?

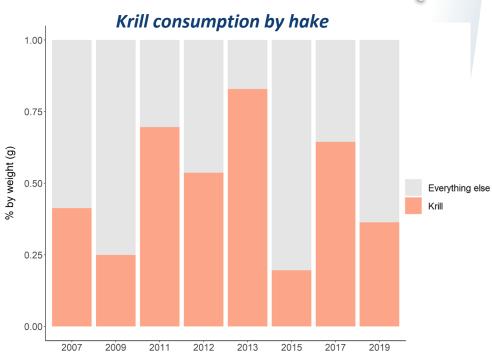
Could the availability of prey effect hake diets?



Krill availability vs. consumption







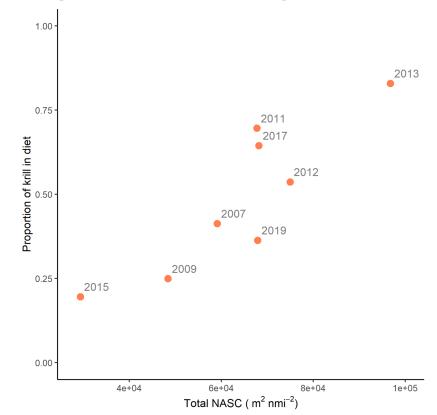
See Phillips et al. 2022 ICES JMS for details - https://doi.org/10.1093/icesjms/fsac055



Krill availability vs. consumption



Positive correlation between krill abundance and consumption



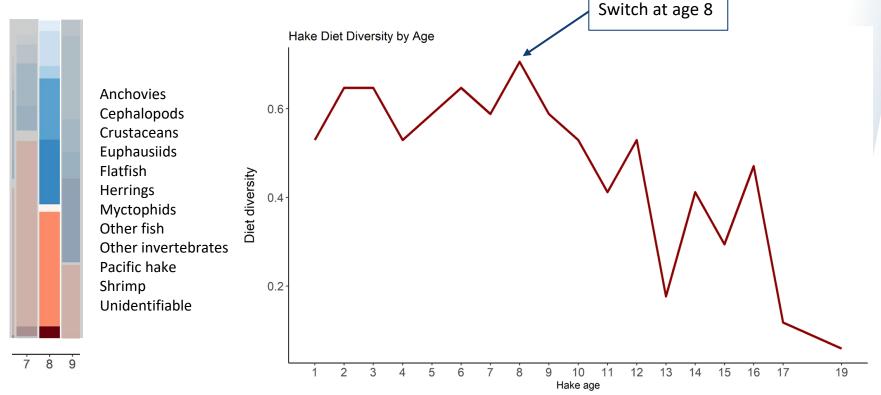


Why do hake diets vary over time?

Does the diversity of their diet change over time?



Diet diversity by age

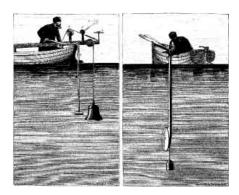


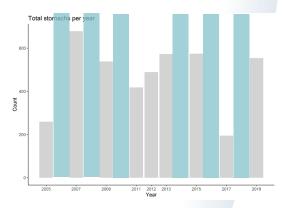


What's next? - Expand dataset

- From 2021 survey
- From the Canadian vessel
- From non-survey years
- From older survey data



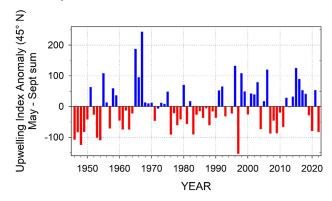


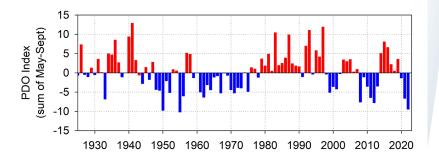


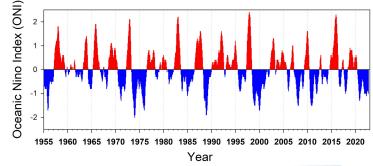


What's next? - Analysis

- Explore relationships to ocean conditions
 - Upwelling index
 - Pacific Decadal Oscillation (PDO)
 - Oceanic Nino Index (ONI)
- Spatiotemporal analysis









https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/west-coast/science-data/local-physical-indicators

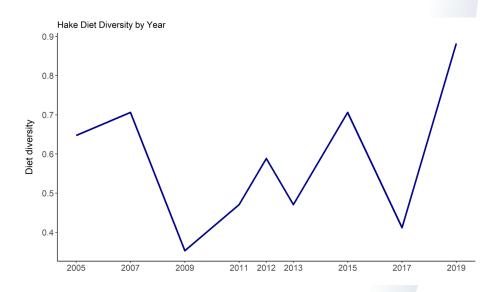
PDO and ONI images from https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/west-coast/science-data/climate-and-atmospheric-indicators





Diet diversity index by age

 Plot(s) on the diet diversity index by age





Interannual patterns in prey consumption



