

# **A tale of two surveys:**

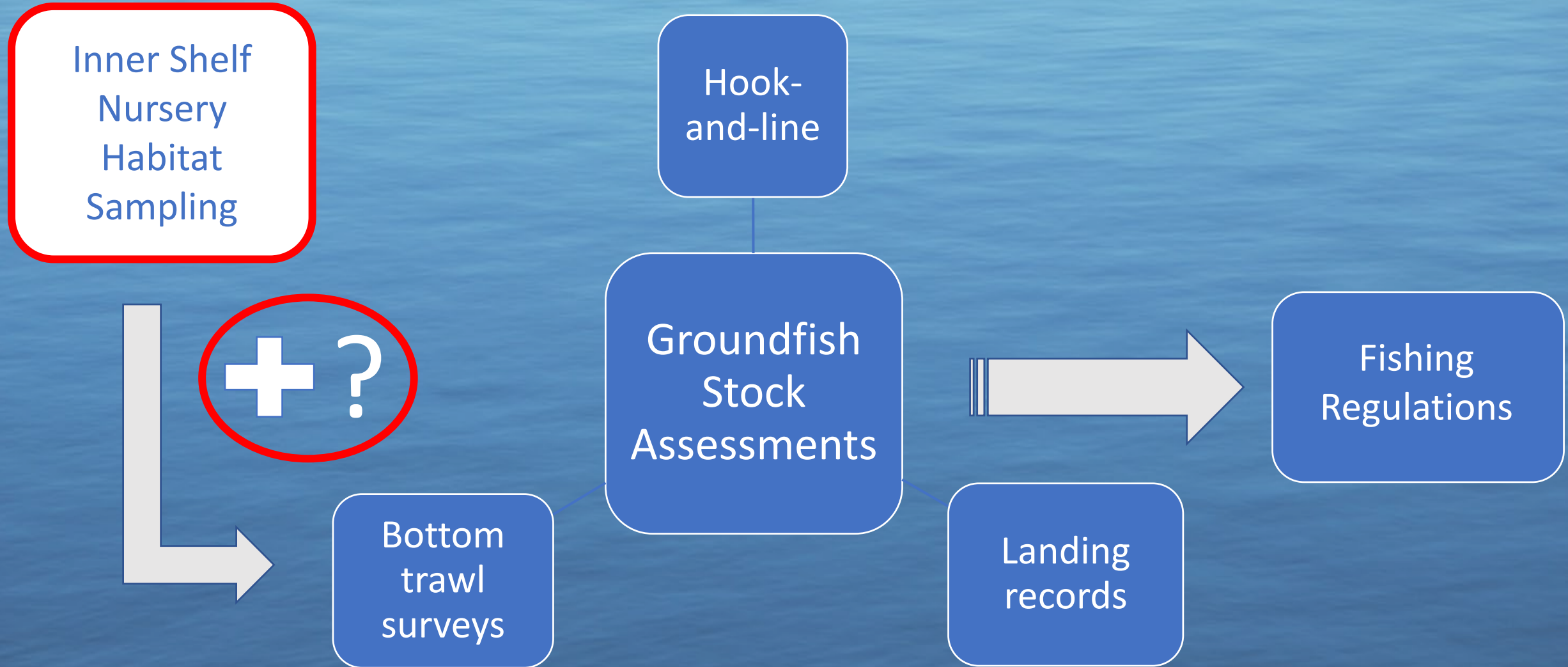
Comparing two bottom trawl surveys to assess the abundance and distribution of young-of-the-year groundfishes in nearshore soft-sediment habitats

Katlyn Lockhart<sup>a,b</sup>, Lorenzo Ciannelli<sup>a</sup>, & Waldo Wakefield<sup>a</sup>  
Oregon State University  
Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife

# Research Objectives

1. Characterize nearshore fish assemblages
2. Assess if additional nearshore sampling would enhance the current fishery-independent survey

# Incorporating Nearshore Sampling



Introduction

Methods

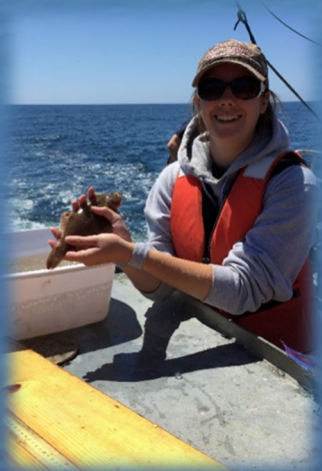
Results

Discussion

Conclusion

# Beam Trawl Sampling

1. Net designed to sample juveniles
2. Conducted Monthly
3. Environmental Data with CTD
4. Ten-minute beam trawl tow
5. Depths towed: 30-100 m

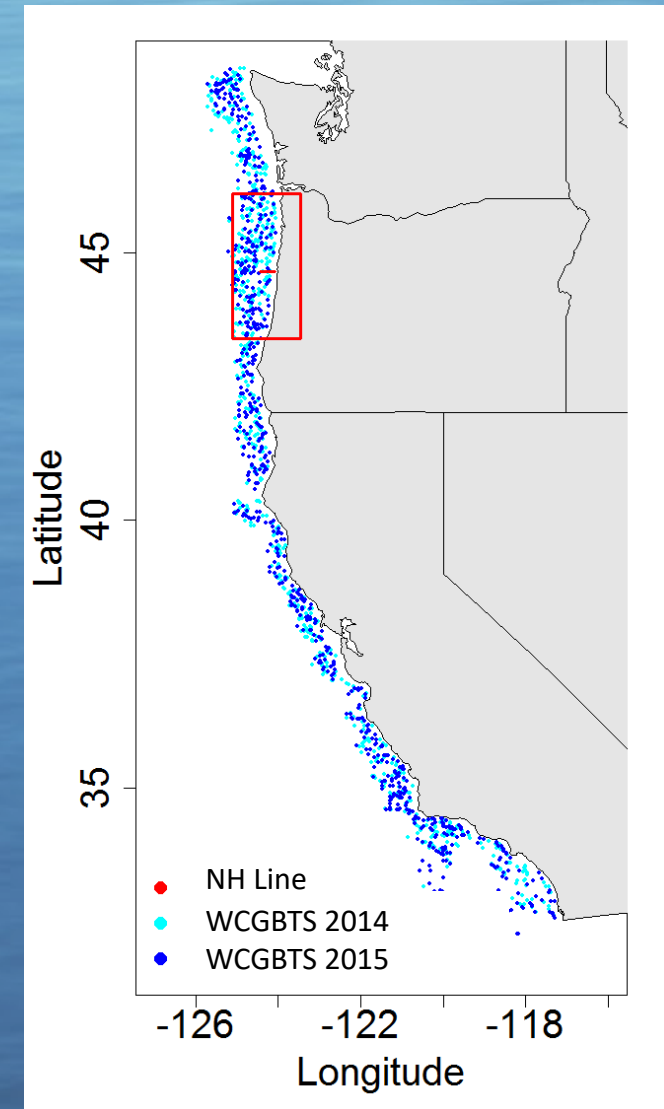


# West Coast Groundfish Bottom Trawl Survey (WCGBTS)

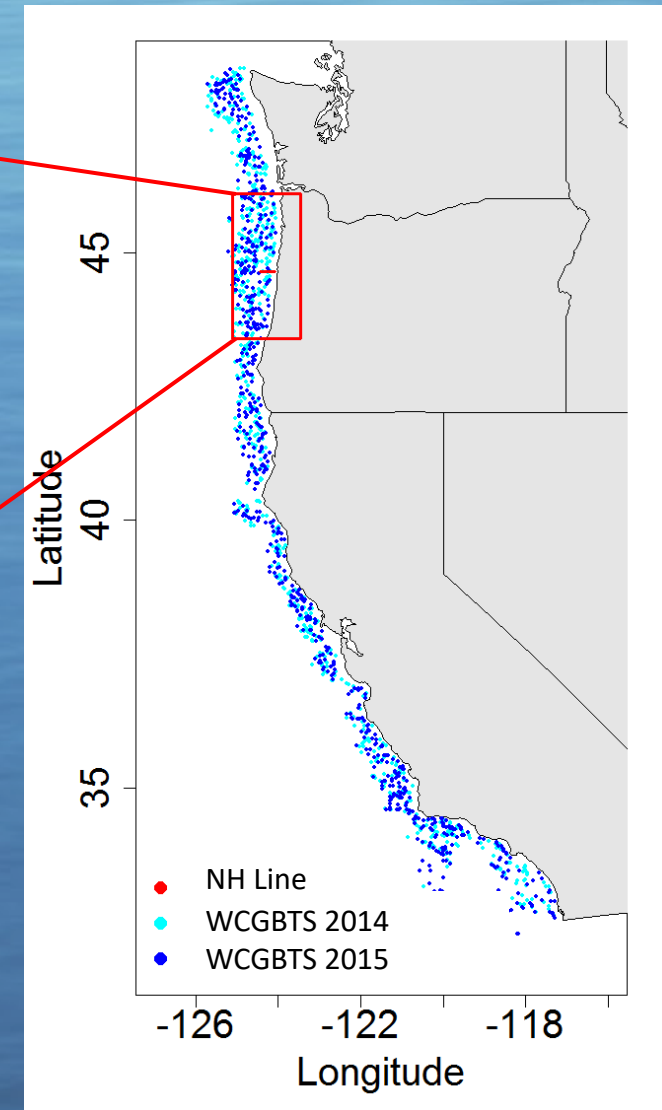
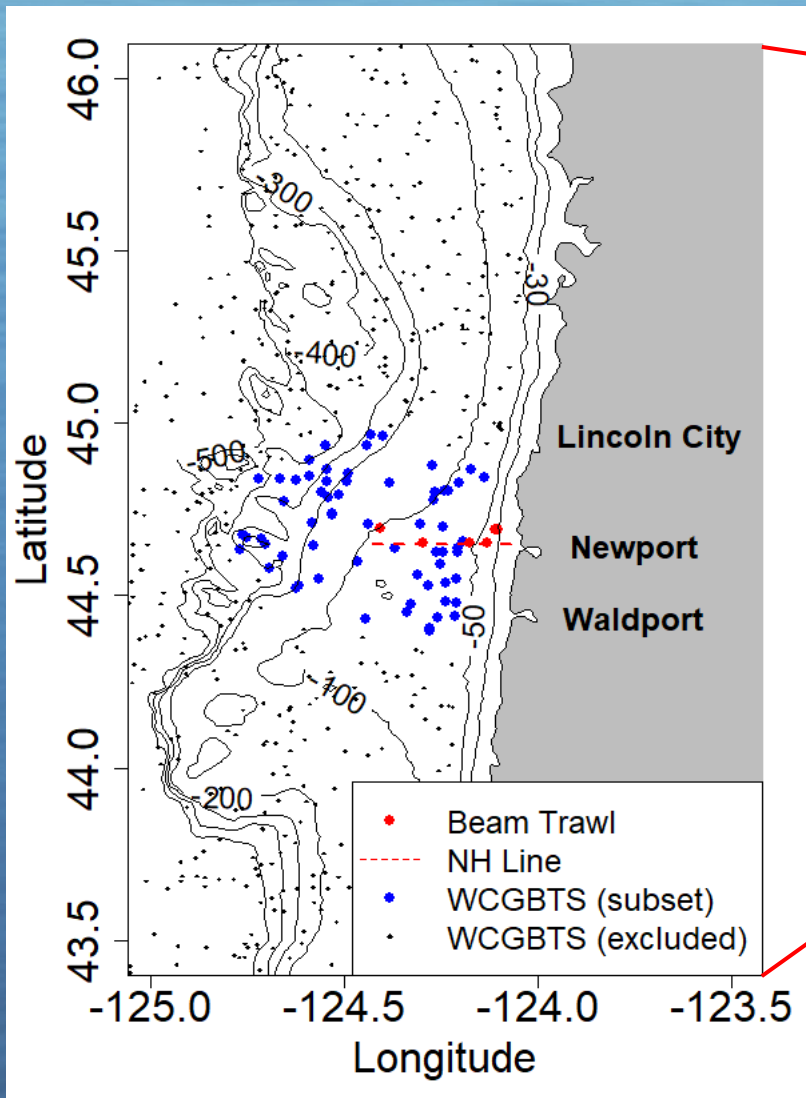
1. Net designed to sample adults
2. Conducted twice annually
3. Environmental Data with CTD
4. Fifteen-minute Aberdeen trawl tow
5. Depths: 55-1400 m (compare 55-500)



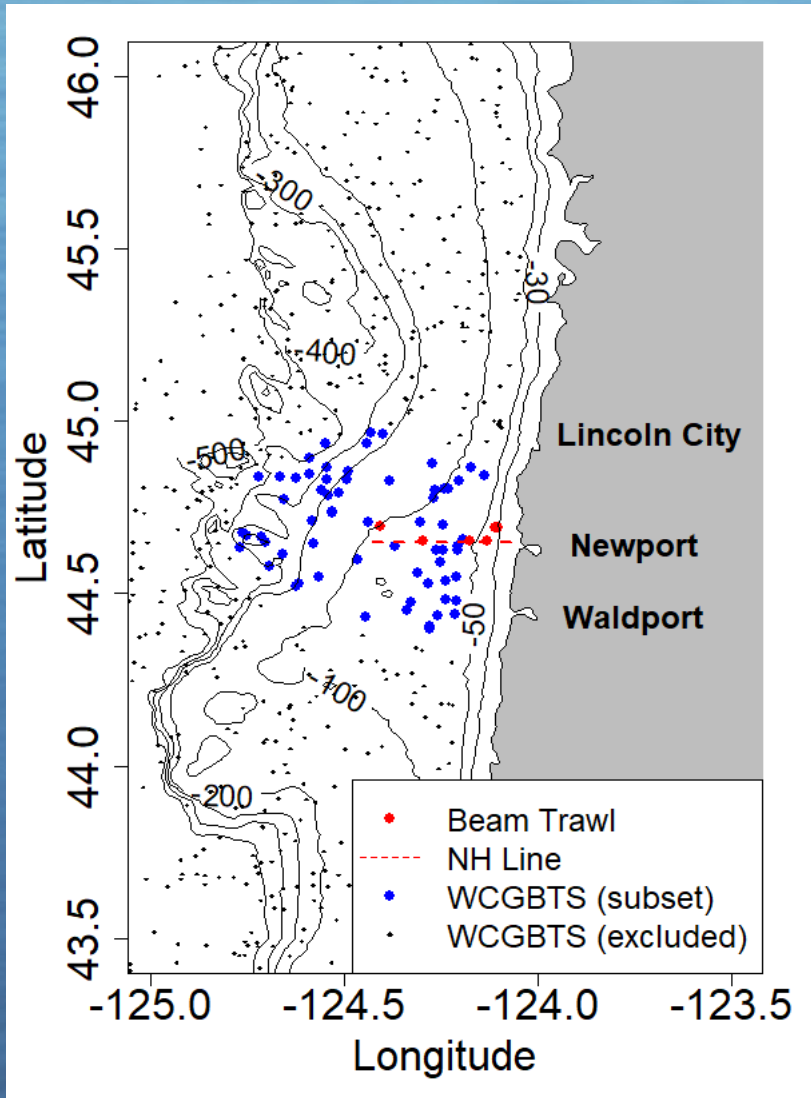
# Comparison of WCGBT and Beam Trawl Surveys



# Comparison of WCGBT and Beam Trawl Surveys



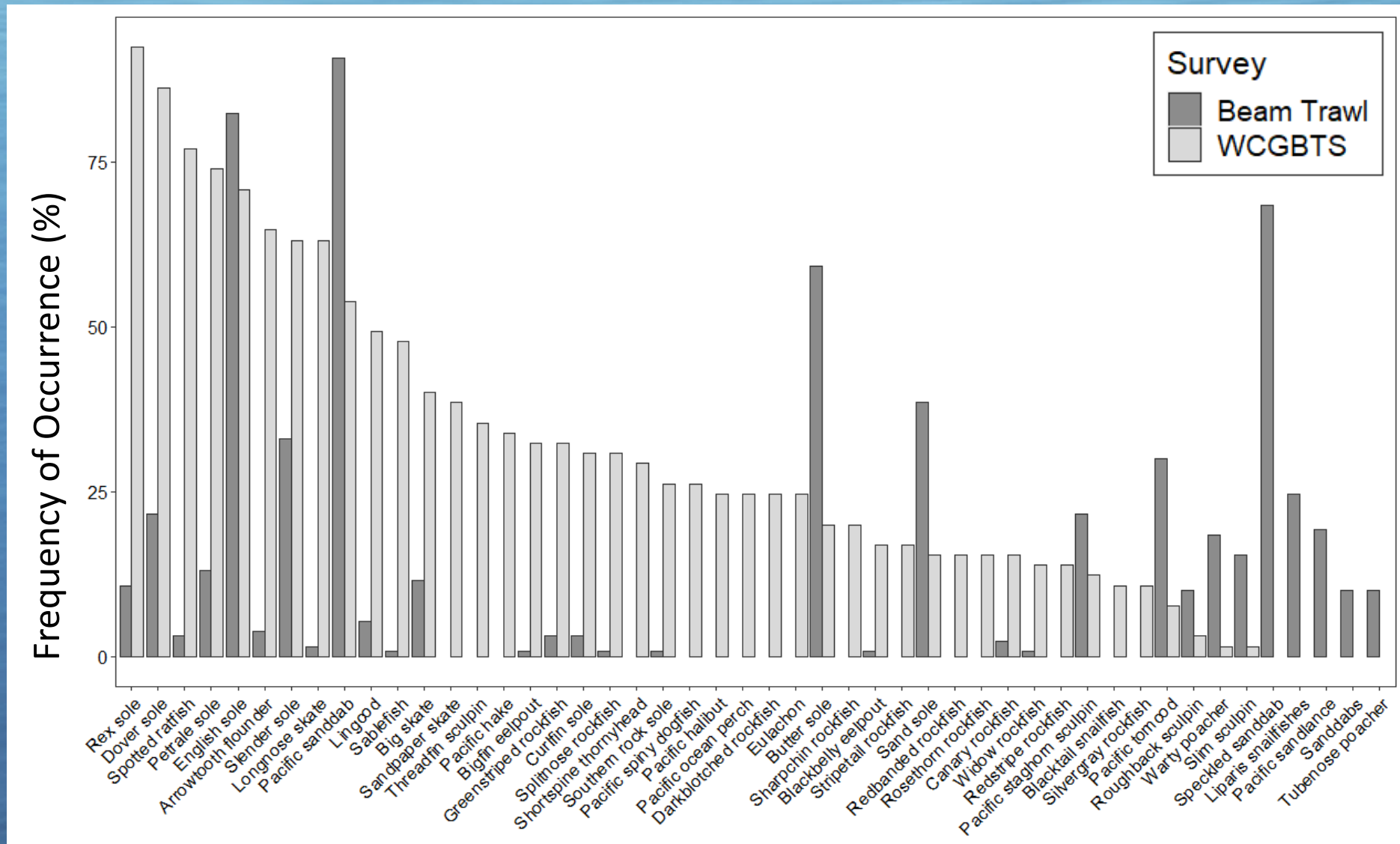
# Survey Comparison



Beam Trawl Survey	
Station Name	Target Depth
MB 30	30 m
MB 40	40 m
NH 03	50 m
NH 05	60 m
NH 10	80 m
NH 15	100 m
N/A	N/A

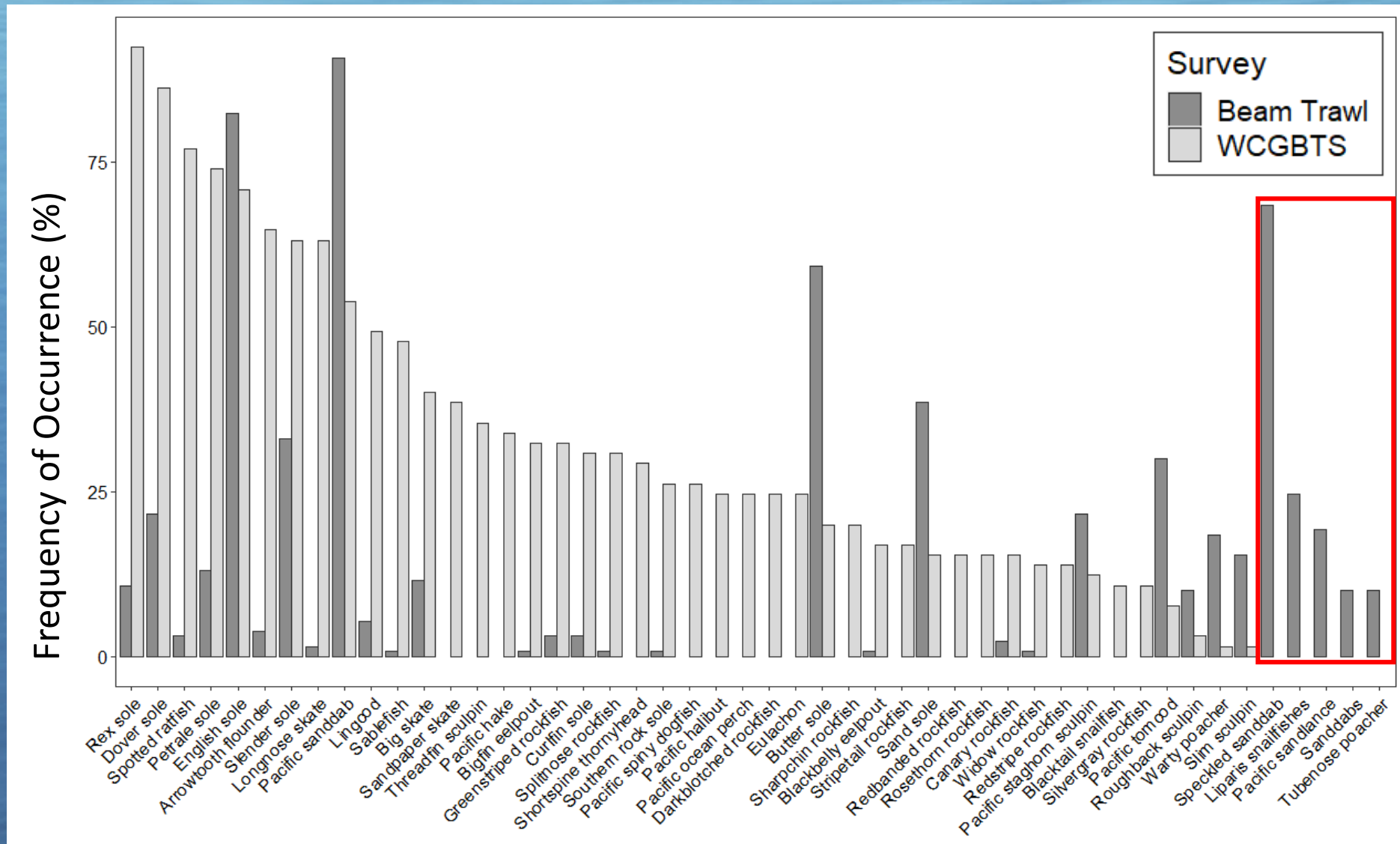
WCGBTS	
Bin Name	Depth Bin
N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A
Bin 1	63 – 70 m
Bin 2	70 – 90 m
Bin 3	90 – 140 m
Bin 4	140 – 500 m

# Survey Comparison – Catch Composition

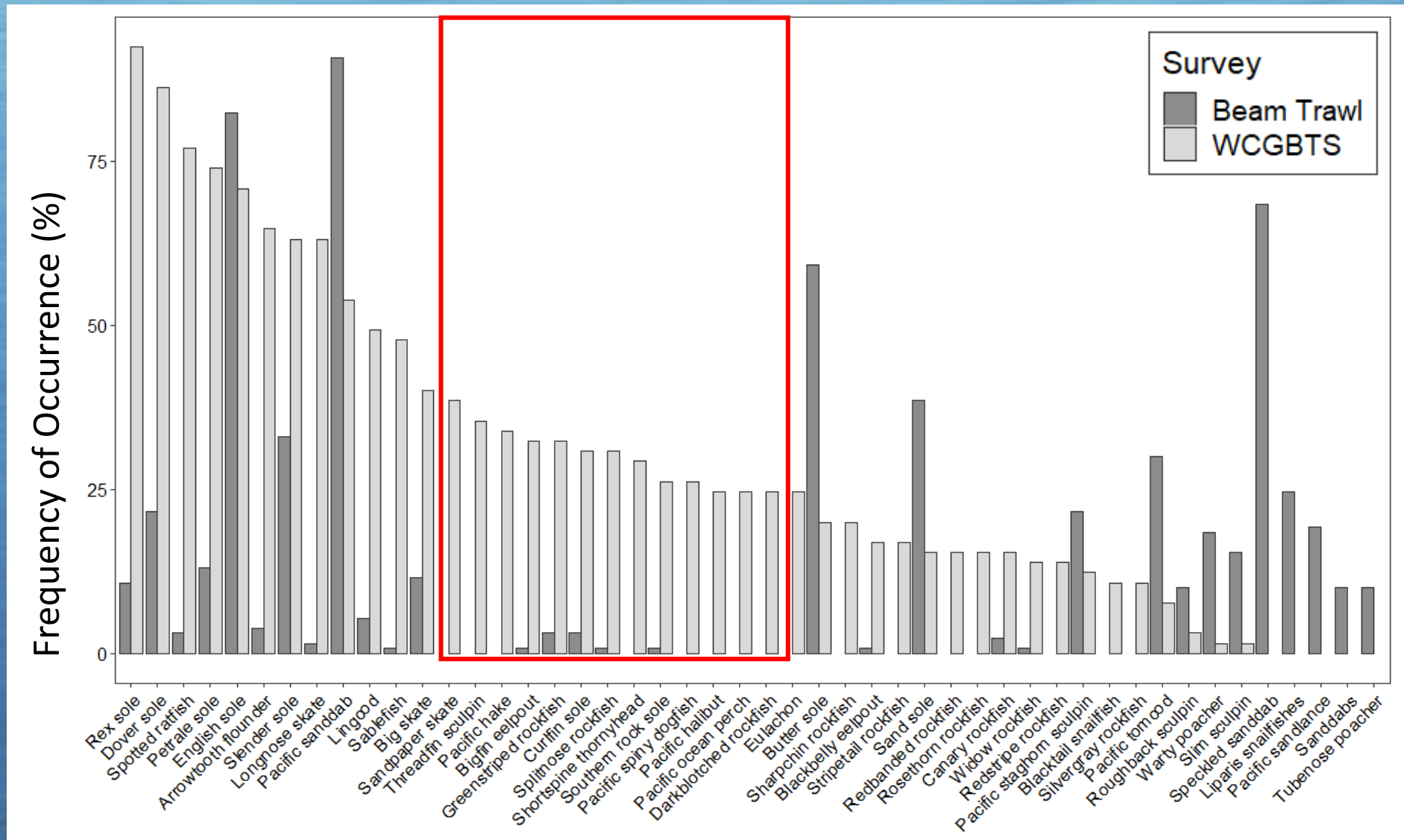




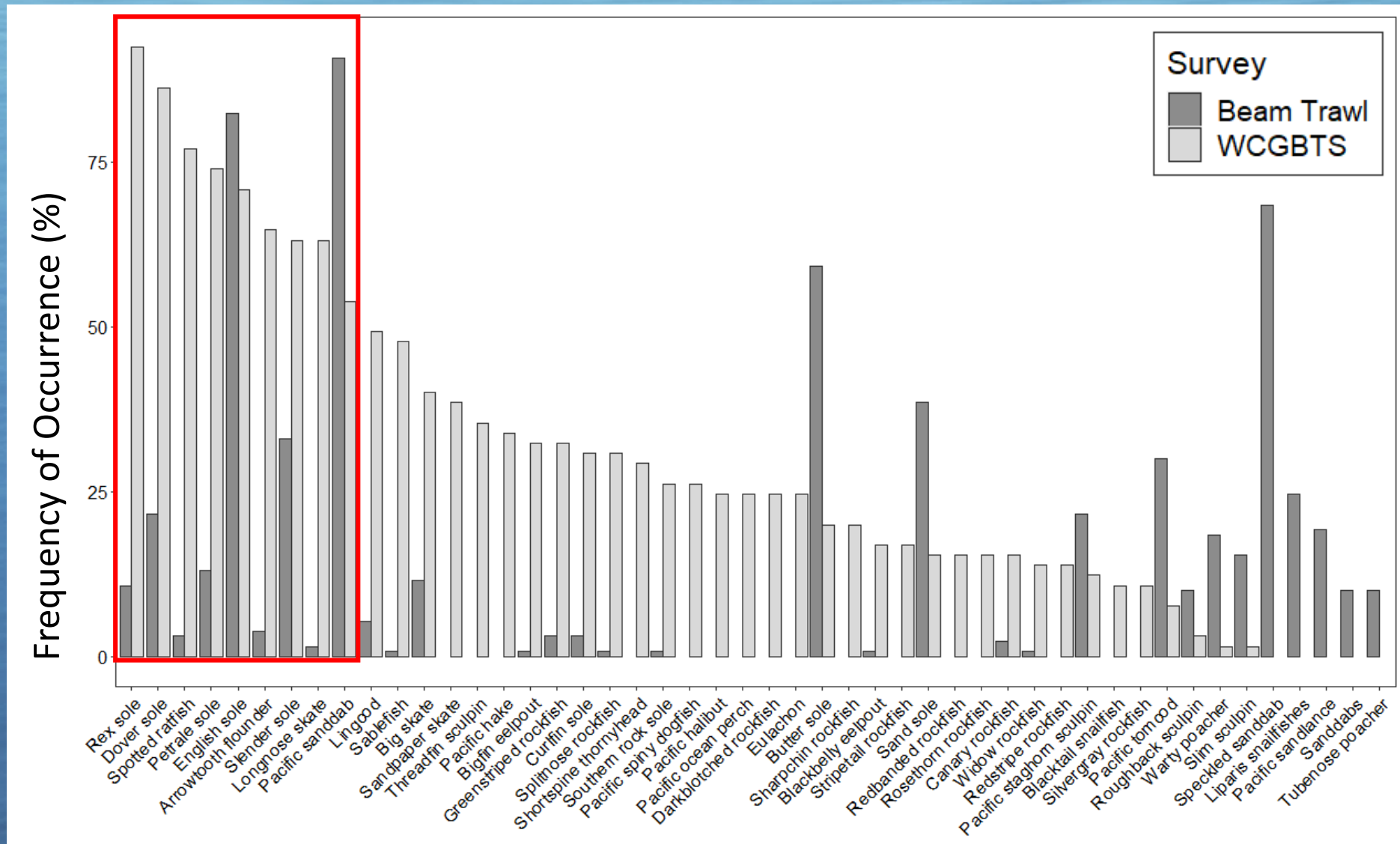
# Survey Comparison – Catch Composition



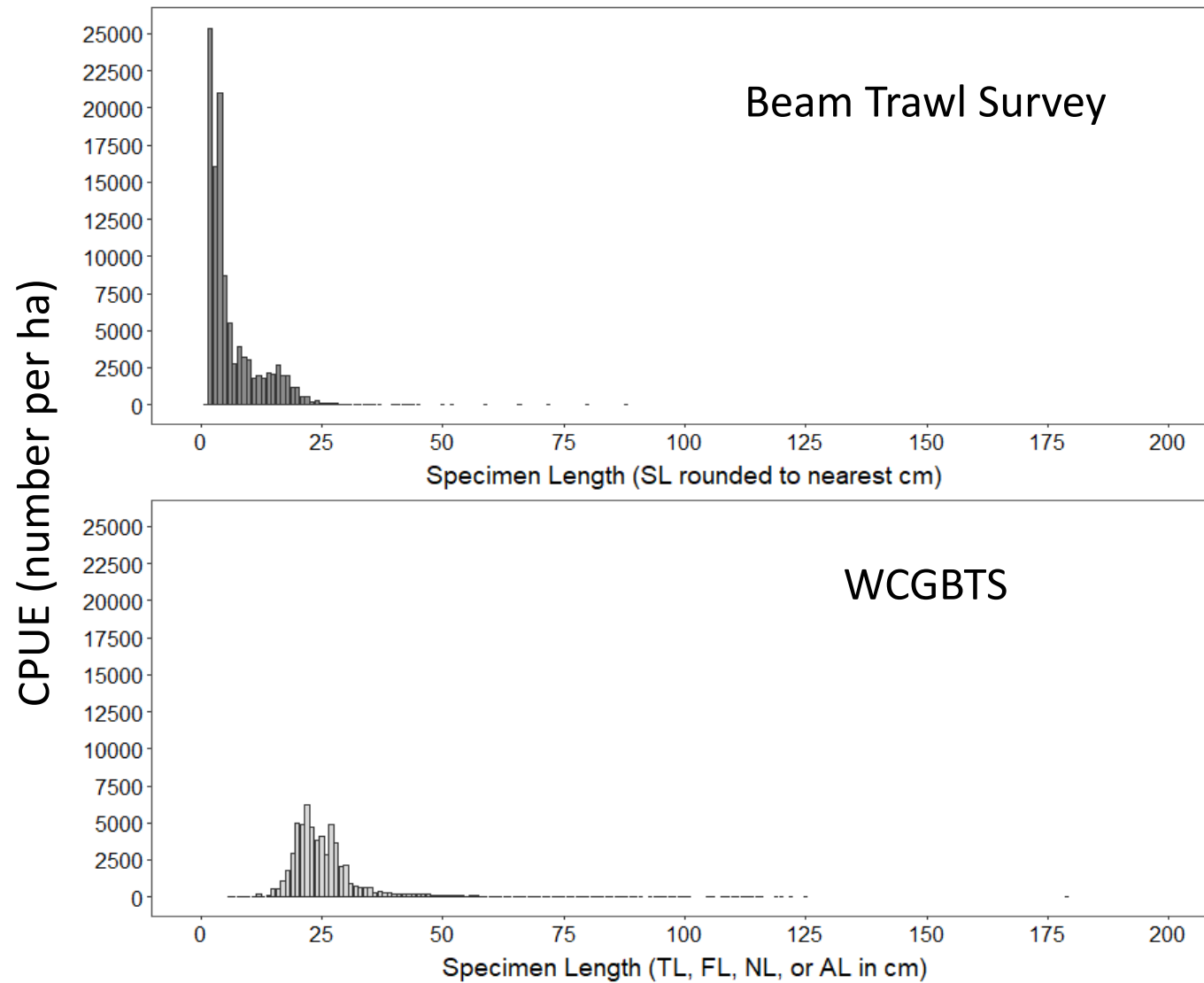
# Survey Comparison – Catch Composition



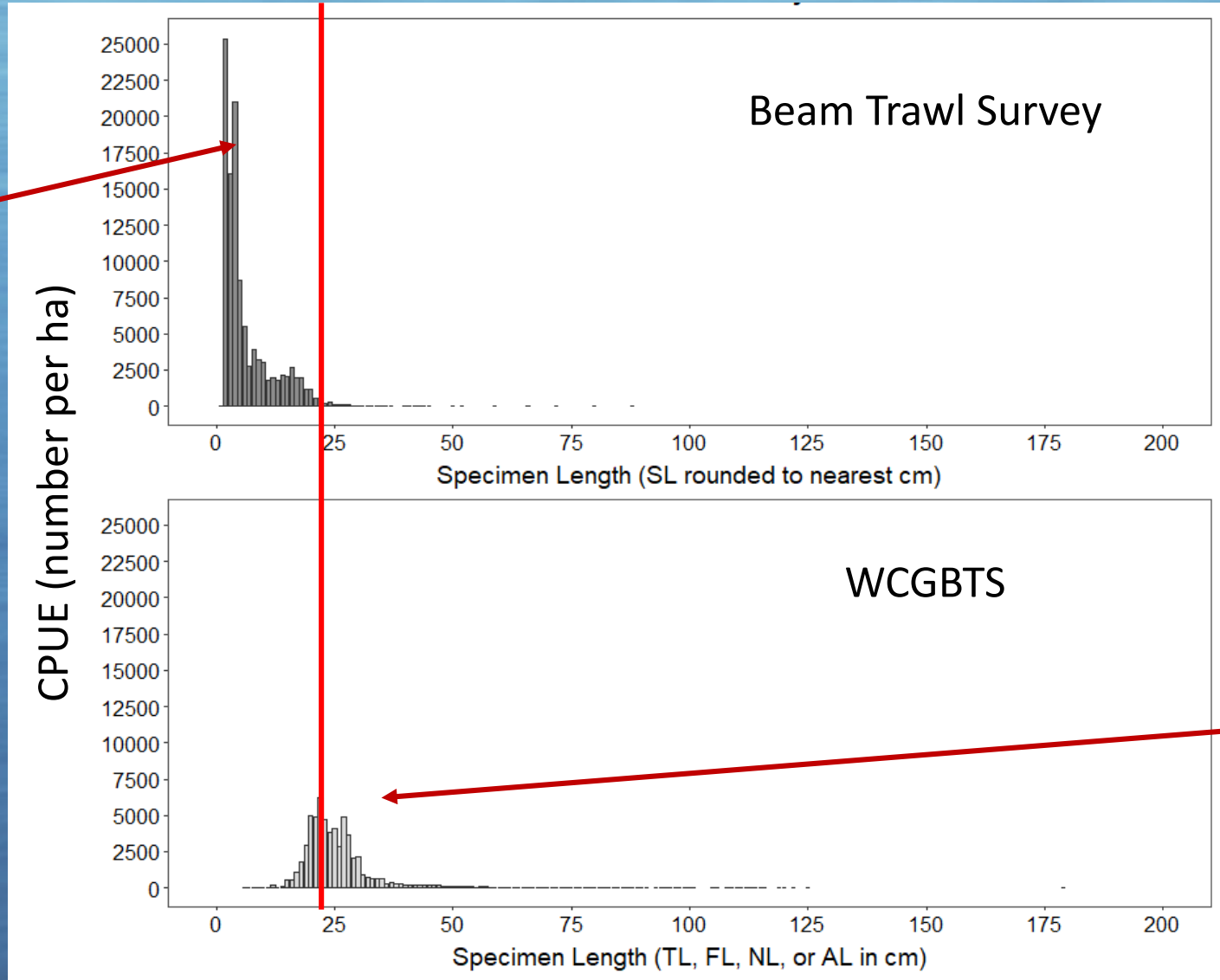
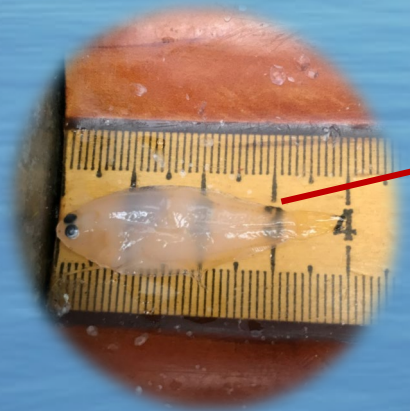
# Survey Comparison – Catch Composition



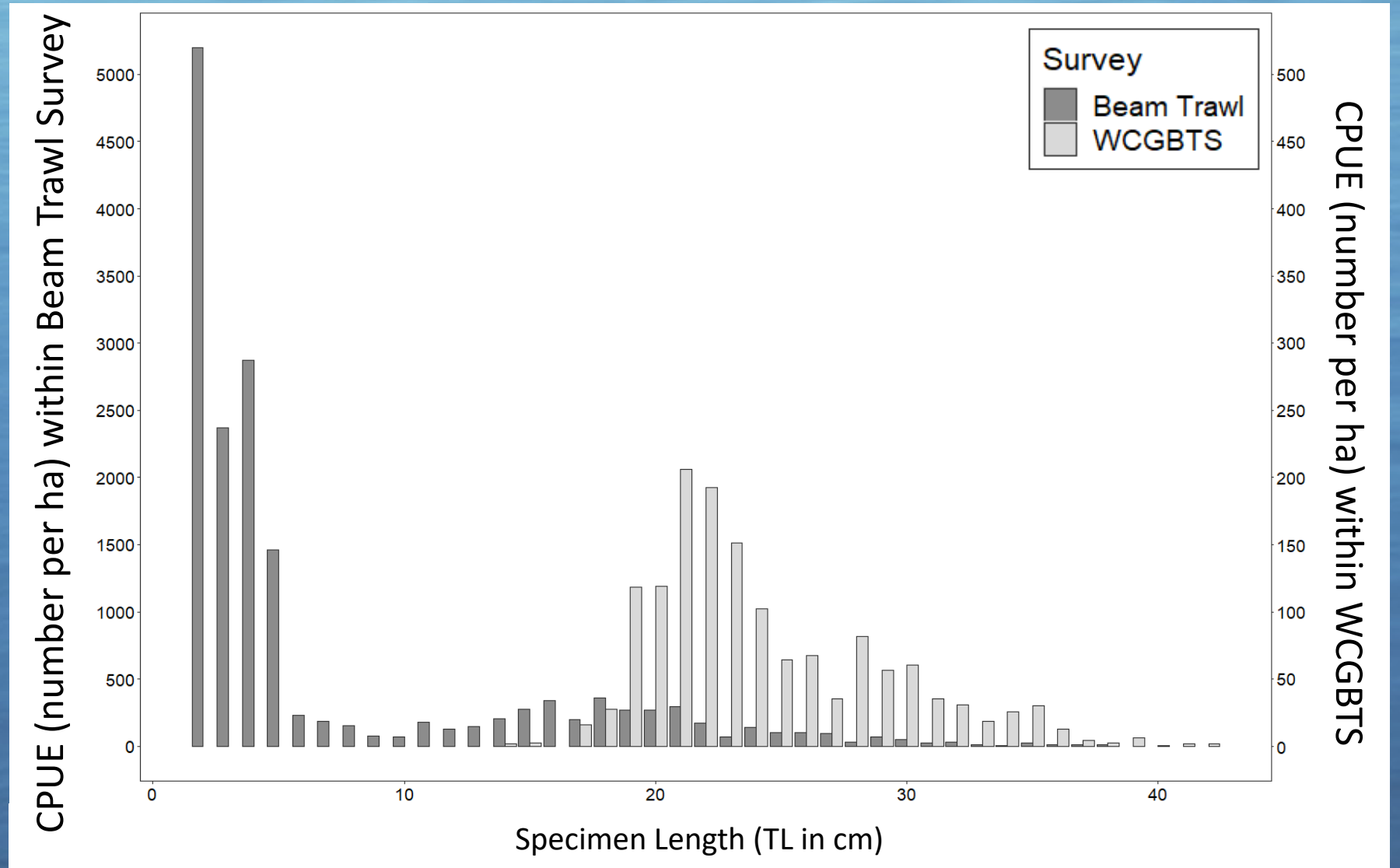
# Survey Comparison – Specimen Size



# Survey Comparison – Specimen Size



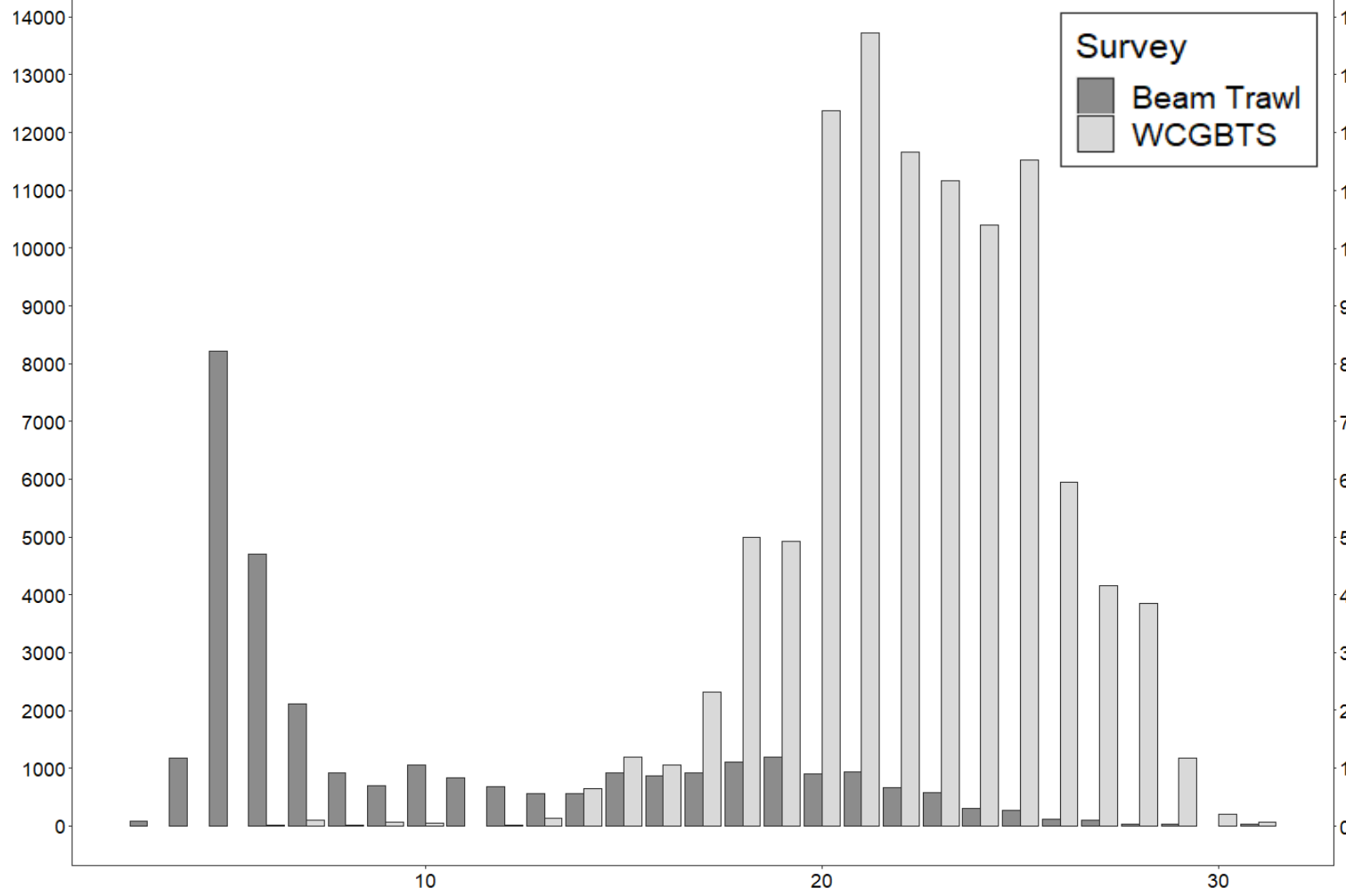
# Size of English sole (*Parophrys vetulus*)



# Size of Pacific sanddab (*Citharichthys sordidus*)



CPUE (number per ha) within Beam Trawl Survey



CPUE (number per ha) within WCGBTS

Specimen Length (TL in cm)

# Summary:

## Survey Comparison & Nearshore Communities

- Differences between surveys
  - Inner shelf vs. outer shelf
  - Flatfish vs. rockfish
  - Size of caught individuals
- Overlap between surveys
  - Common species
  - Larger juveniles caught in both
- Beam trawl sampling is a good complement to the WCGBTS



# Future Work

- Expand the beam trawl survey to the North and South
  - Inner shelf juvenile fish assemblages along the coast
- Compare the beam trawl survey to ichthyoplankton surveys
  - Is recruitment variability determined at the pre- or post-settlement stage?
- Develop an index of abundance for juvenile benthic fish assemblages

# Acknowledgements

- Co-authors: Drs. Lorenzo Ciannelli & W. Waldo Wakefield
- Various funding groups:
  - National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration
  - National Science Foundation's National Research Traineeship
- Jason Phillips, Matthew Yergey, Morgan Bancroft, Toby Auth, Jennifer Fisher, Kathryn Sobocinski, Jay Peterson, and the crews of the R/V Elakha and F/Vs Miss Yvonne, Lady Law, and Michele Ann
- Researchers and volunteers on the Northwest Fisheries Science Center's West Coast Groundfish Bottom Trawl Survey (WCGBTS) team



Questions?





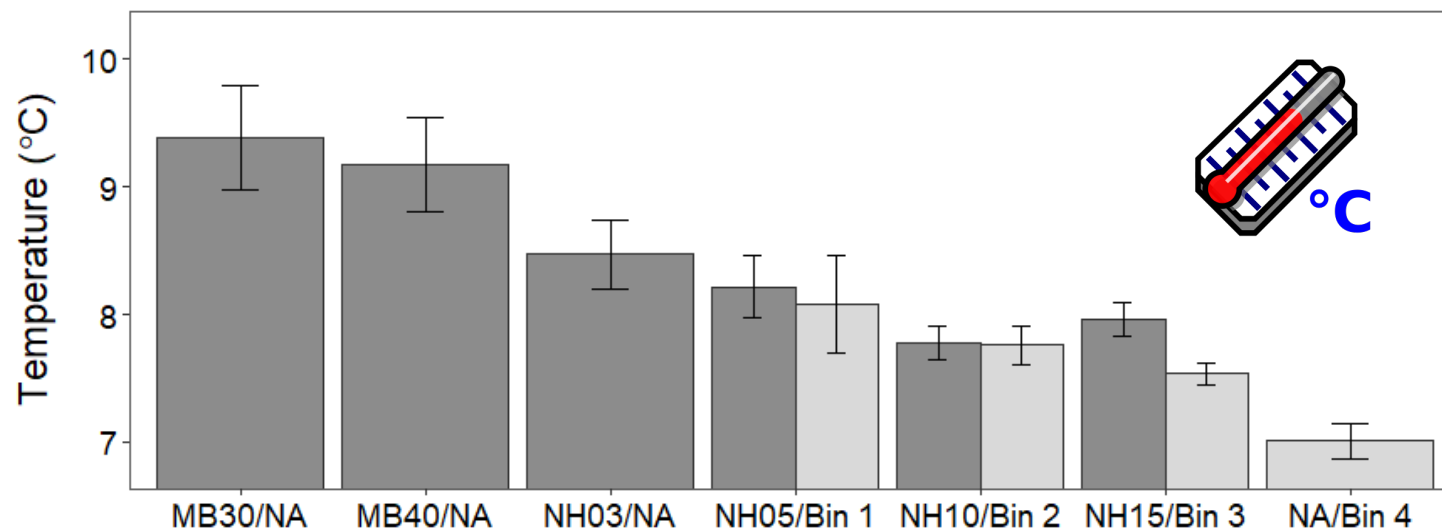
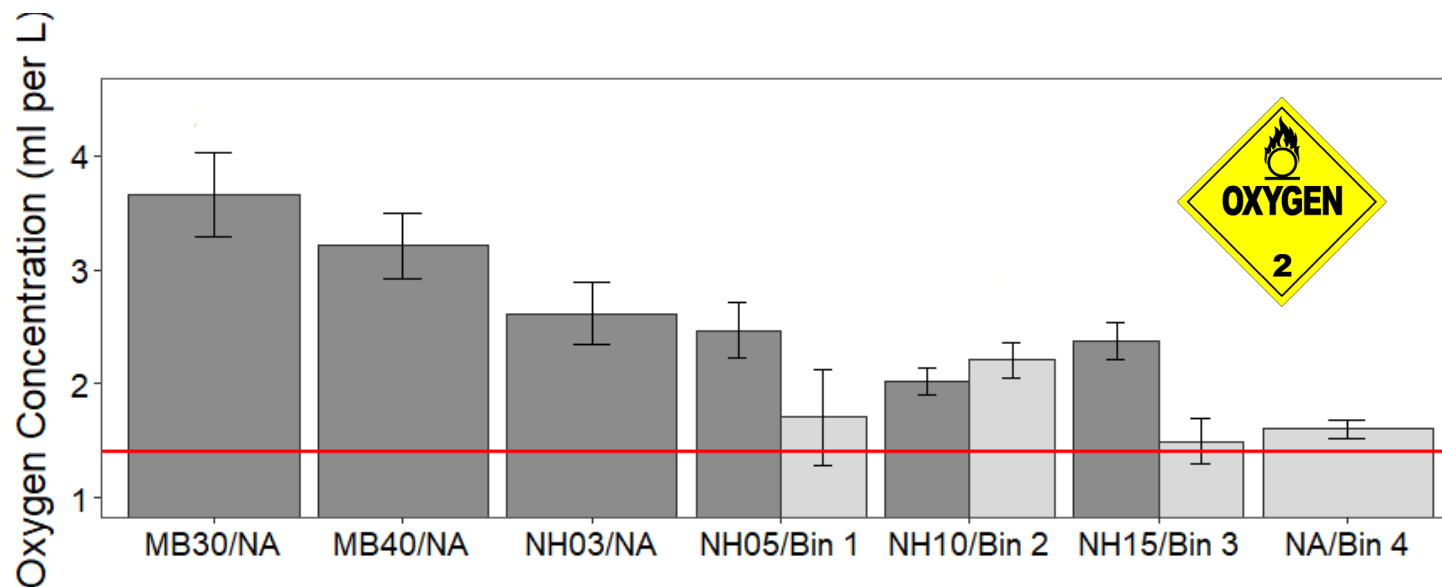
# Sampling periods



# Survey Comparison – Environmental Data

## Survey:

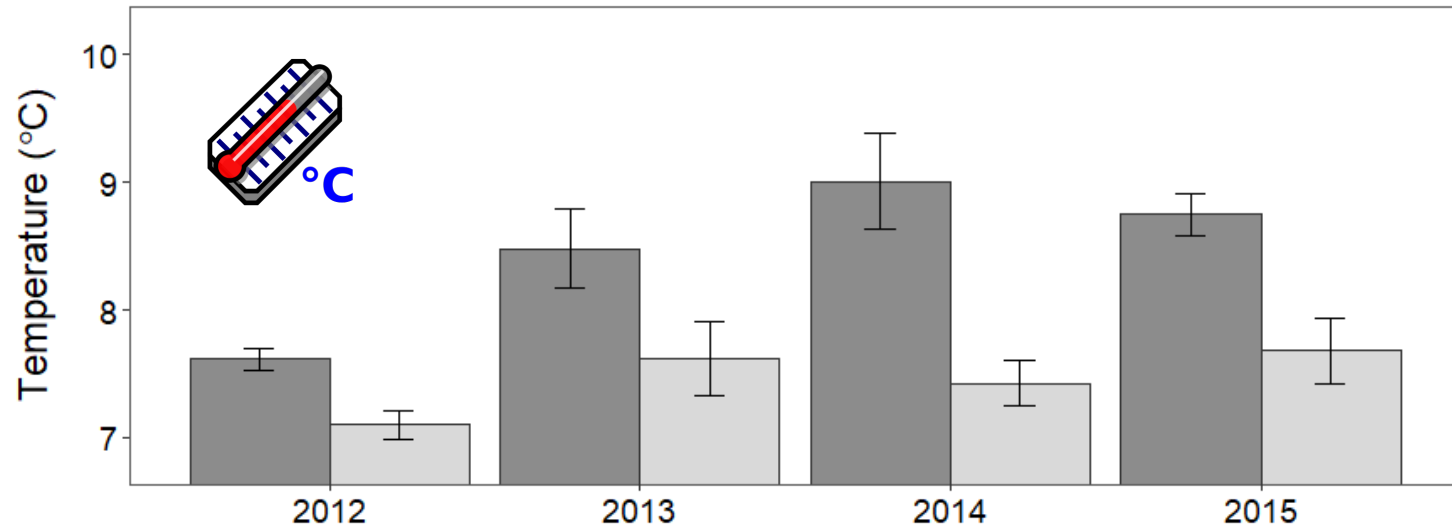
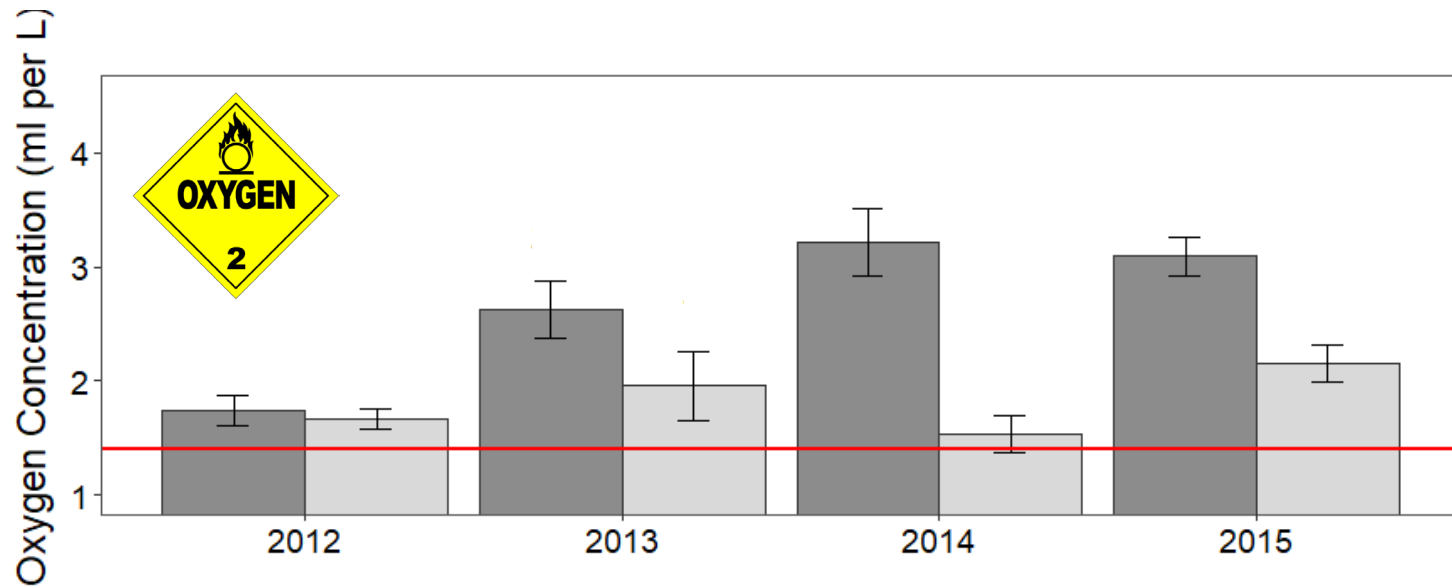
- Beam Trawl
- WCGBTS



# Survey Comparison – Environmental Data

## Survey:

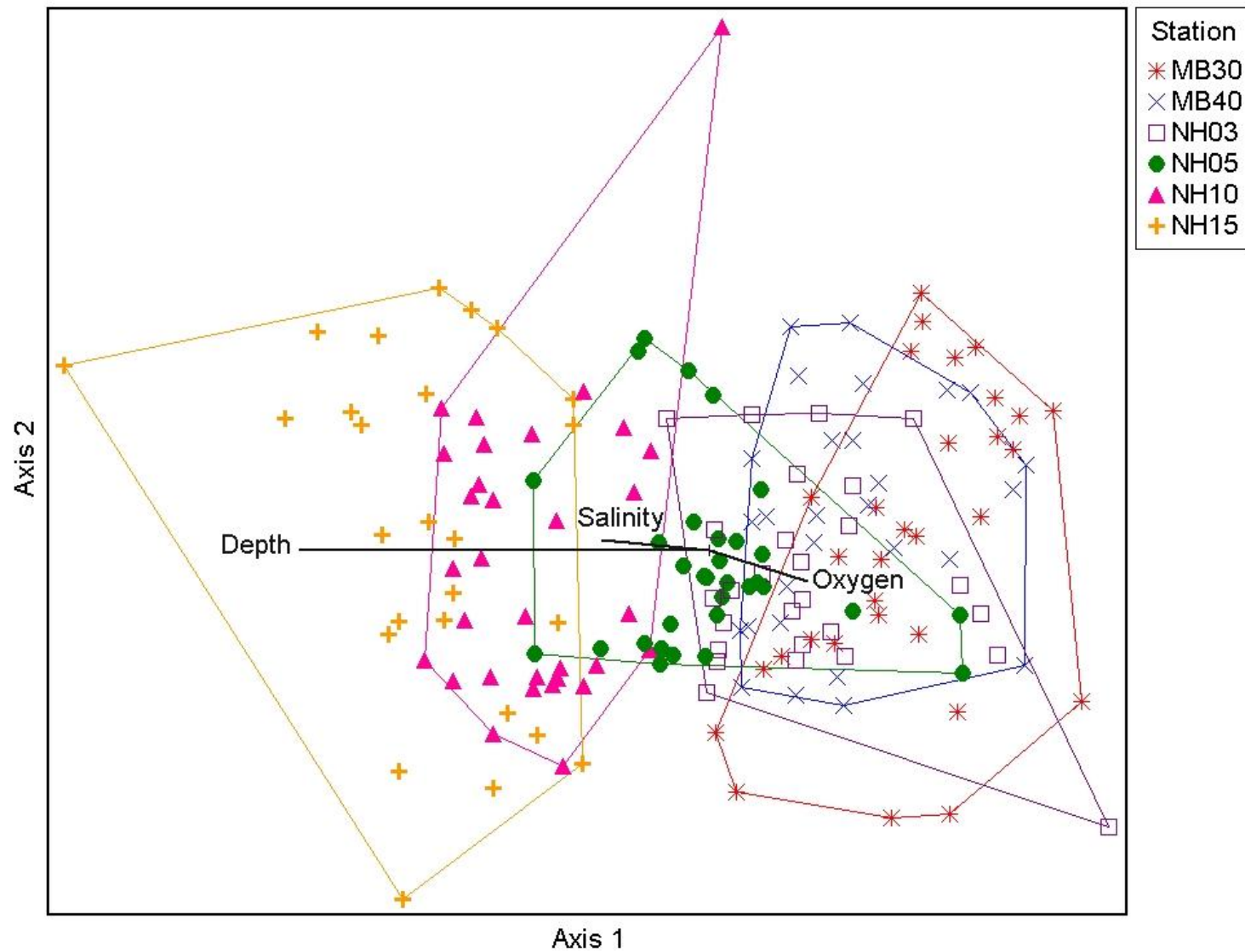
- Beam Trawl
- WCGBTS



# Multivariate Community Analysis

A 2-D Nonmetric  
Multidimensional  
Scaling (NMS)  
Ordination of  
Sample Units in  
Species Space.

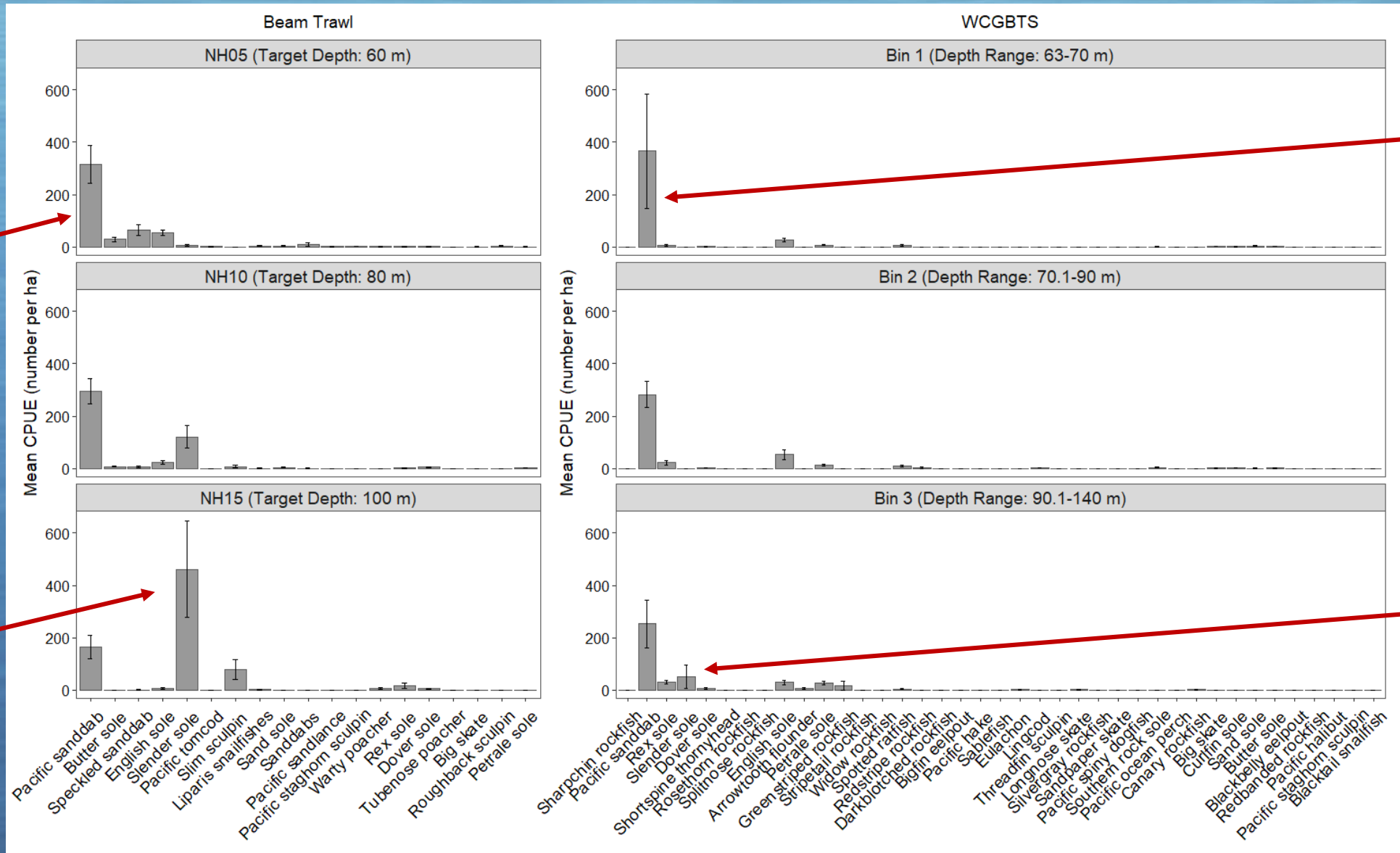
- Depth  
transition  
~ 60 m



Distances  
between  
points  $\approx$   
Dissimilarity  
in species  
composition.



# Survey Comparison – Catch by Depth Strata

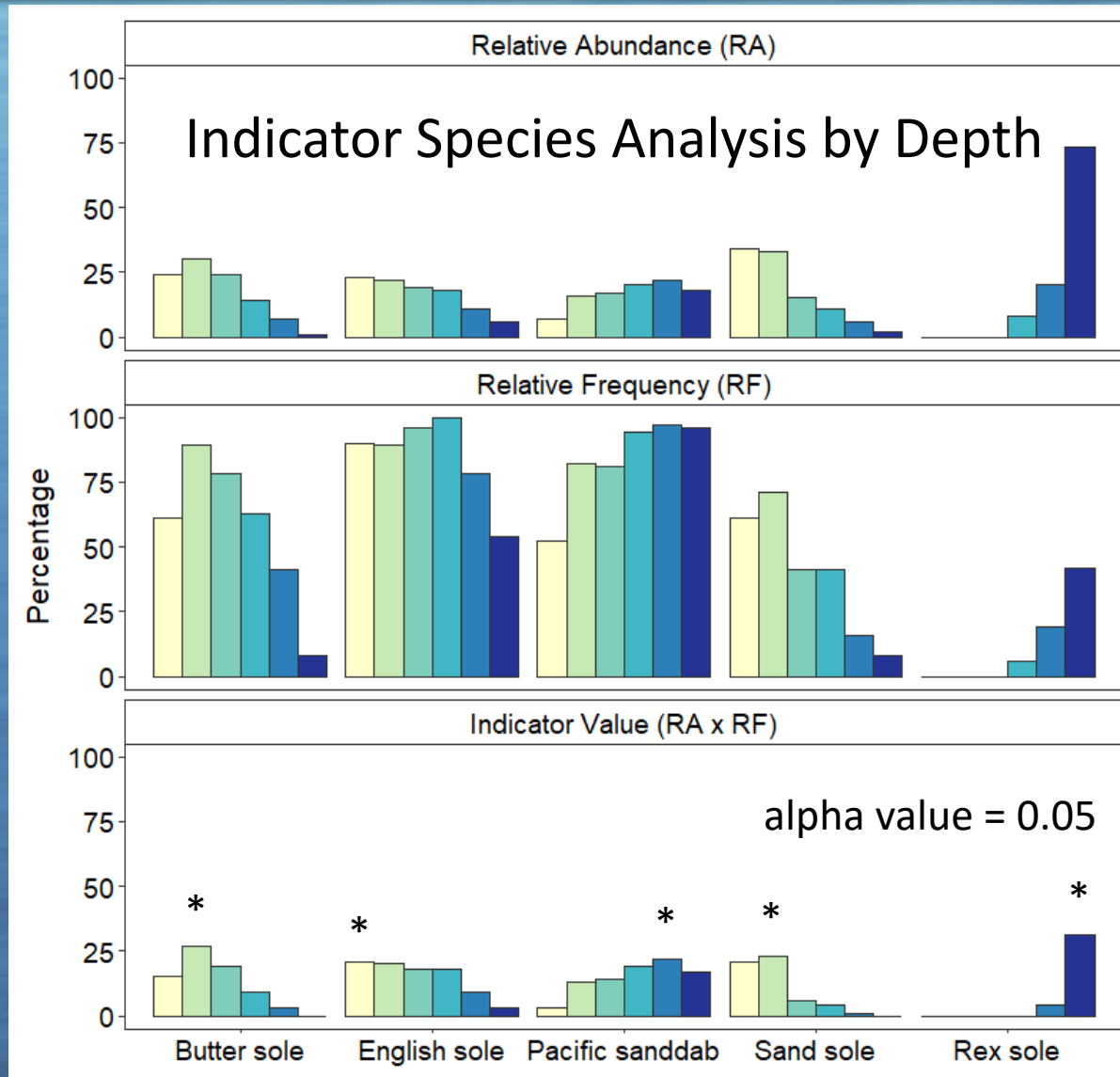


# Multivariate Community Analysis

MRPP

Groups:

- Depth
- Season
- Year



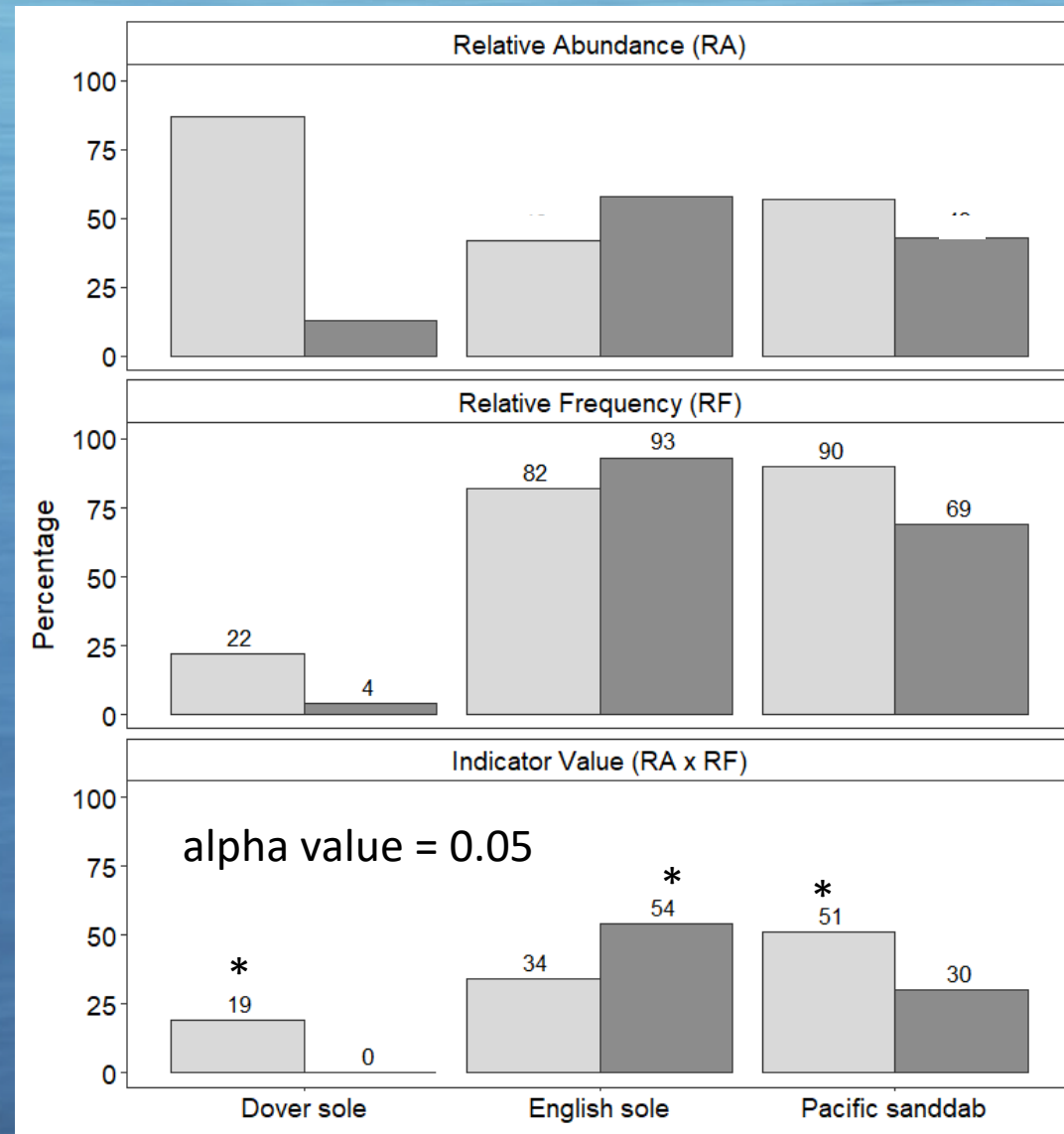
# Multivariate Community Analysis

MRPP

Groups:

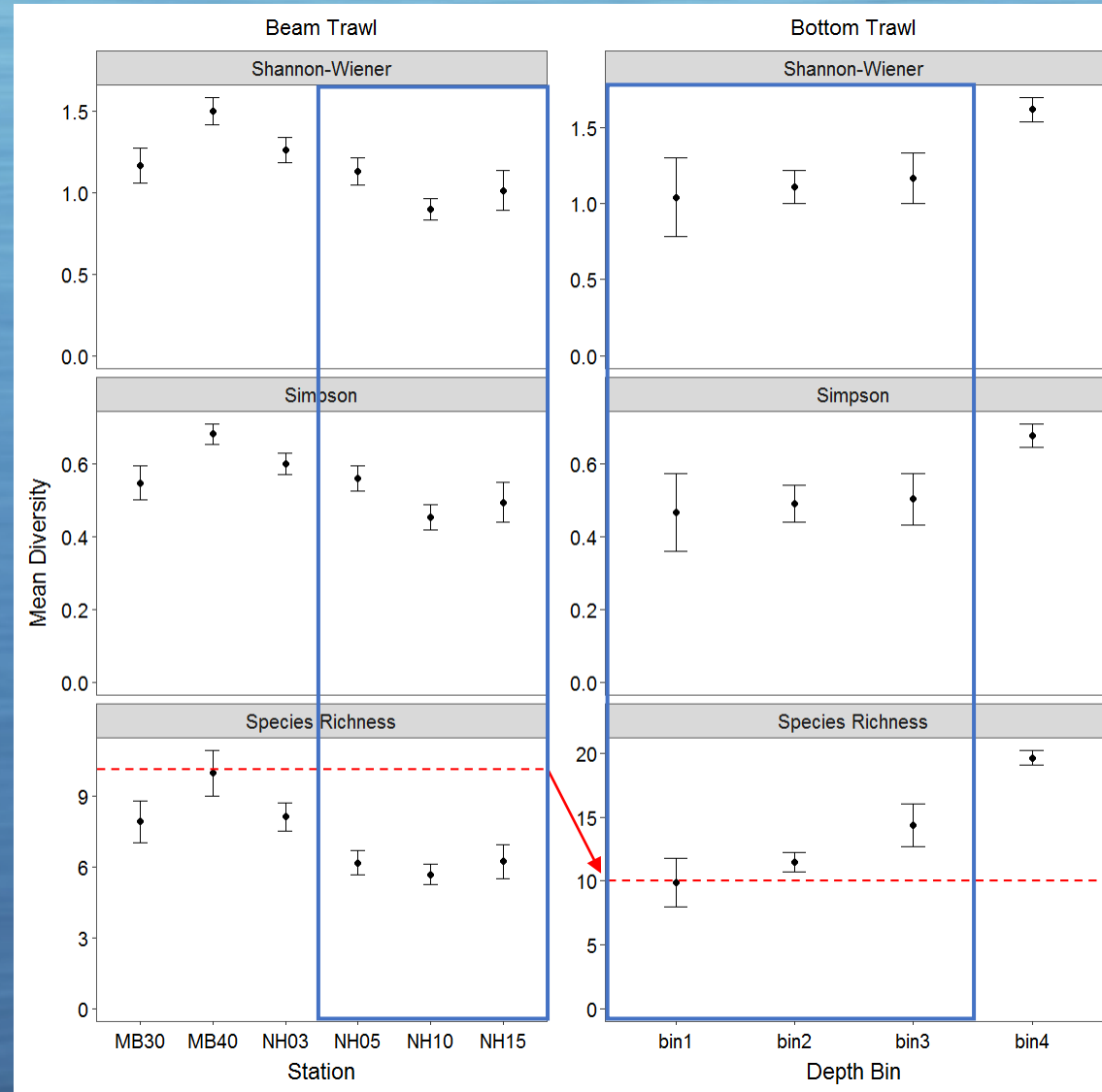
- Depth
- Season
- Year

Indicator  
Species Analysis  
by Season



# Survey Comparison – Sample Biodiversity

Nearshore  
Diversity:  
Beam trawl >  
Bottom trawl



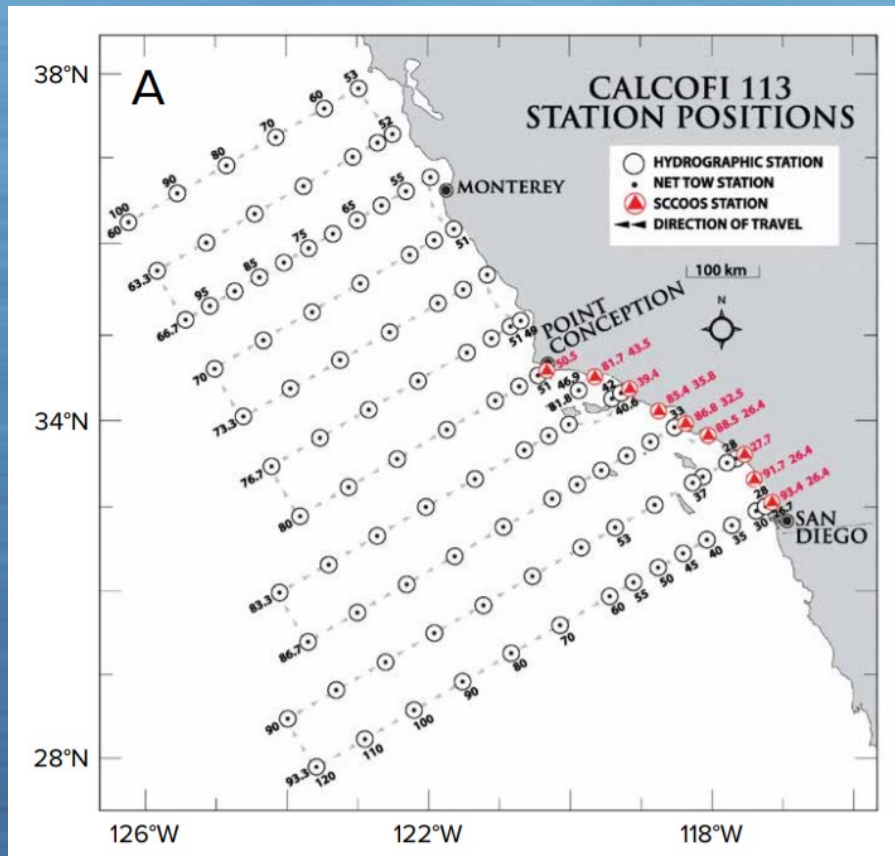
Overall  
Diversity:  
Bottom trawl >  
Beam trawl

# Feasibility of incorporating nearshore sampling into the WCG BTS or stock assessments

- Do current policies or frameworks allow/call for nearshore sampling?
  - Magnuson-stevens fishery conservation & management act (MSA)
    - Best Available Science (BAS)
    - Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)
  - Ecosystem-Based Management (EBM)
- Previous early life history surveys incorporated into Stock Assessments
- Tradeoffs/roadblocks → potential solutions

# Feasibility: Previous Studies to Build On

## California Cooperative Oceanic Fisheries Investigations (CalCOFI)



Adapted from McClatchie et al., 2014

## Rockfish Recruitment & Ecosystem Assessment Survey (RREAS)

